

Installer:

(Name, address, telephone number)

UNAC GUIDE No. 9

FOR THE INSTALLATION OF MOTORISED VERTICAL UPWARD SLIDING GATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MACHINERY DIRECTIVE 98/37/EEC AND THE APPLICABLE PARTS OF STANDARDS EN 13241-1, EN 12453, EN 12445

With this publication UNAC sets out to inform and assist installers in applying the specifications of the directives and of European standards concerning the safe use of motorised gates/doors.

It should be noted that those who sell and *motorise* an existing manual door/gate become the manufacturer of the motorised door/gate *machine* and must prepare and keep the technical file, as laid down by Annex V of the Machinery Directive (98/37/EEC). The technical file must contain the following documents:

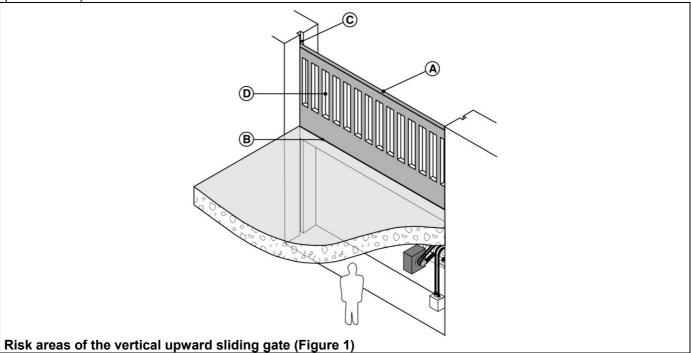
- ☐ Assembly drawing of the motorised door/gate (usually included in the installation manual).
- □ Electrical connections and control circuit diagrams (usually included in the installation manual).
- □ Risk analysis including (as indicated on the following pages):
 the list of the essential requirements as indicated in Annex I of the Machinery Directive;
 the list of the risks presented by the door/gate and the description of the solutions adopted.
- They must also keep the manuals for installation and maintenance of the door/gate and of the components.
- Prepare the operating instructions and general warnings for safety (if necessary integrating those in the manual for installation of the door/gate) and give the user a copy.
- □ Compile the proof book and give the user a copy (see facsimile in Annex 1).
- □ Draft the EC declaration of conformity (see facsimile in Annex 2) and give the user a copy.
- □ Fill in the label or plate with CE marking and attach it to the motorised door/gate.

N.B. The technical file must be held and made available to the competent national authorities for at least ten years from the date of construction of the motorised door/gate.

Note also that, as from May 2005, the manufacturer of a new door/gate (both manual and motorised) must observe the procedure for the CE marking pursuant to the Construction Products Directive (89/106/EEC), as indicated in Annex ZA of the standard EN 13241-1. This procedure involves the manufacturer:

- setting up and maintaining internal production control;
- □ having a notified body carry out the initial type tests referring to the applicable characteristics indicated in Annex ZA of standard EN 13241-1.

N.B. UNAC is preparing guidelines dedicated to the correct application of the Construction Products Directive (89/106/EEC).

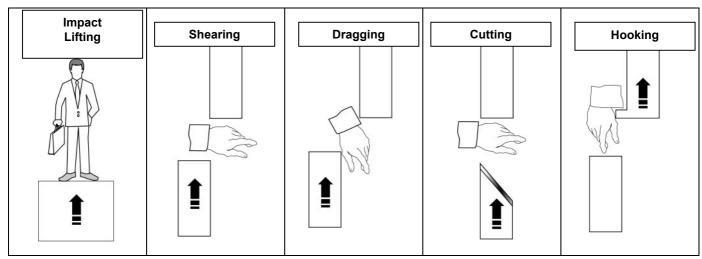


The information given was drafted and checked with the utmost care, nevertheless UNAC declines all responsibility for any errors, omissions or inaccuracies due to technical or graphical requirements. UNAC points out that this guide does not replace the content of standards which the manufacturer of the motorised door/gate must observe.

KEY TO THE MECHANICAL RISKS CAUSED BY MOVEMENT

Pursuant to the Machinery Directive:

- "Danger zones" refer to any zone within and/or around machinery in which an exposed person is subject to a risk to his or her health and safety.
- □ "Exposed person" refers to any person wholly or partially in a danger zone.



MINIMUM LEVEL OF PROTECTION OF THE MAIN EDGE

MINIMUM LEVEL OF PROTECTION OF THE MAIN EDGE				
Type of actuation controls	Type of use			
	Informed users (private area)	Informed users (public area)	Uninformed users	
Hold-to-run control	Pushbutton control	Pushbutton control with key	Hold-to-run control not possible	
Impulse control with door visible	Limitation of forces, or presence sensing devices	Limitation of forces, or presence sensing devices	Limitation of forces and photocells, or presence sensing devices	
Impulse control with door not visible	Limitation of forces, or presence sensing devices	Limitation of forces and photocells, or presence sensing devices	Limitation of forces and photocells, or presence sensing devices	
Automatic control (e.g. timed closure control)	Limitation of forces and photocells, or presence sensing devices	Limitation of forces and photocells, or presence sensing devices	Limitation or forces and photocells, or presence sensing devices	

ANALYSIS OF THE RISKS AND CHOICE OF SOLUTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MACHINERY DIRECTIVE 98/37/EEC AND THE STANDARDS EN 13241-1, EN 12453, EN 12445

The risks listed below follow the sequence of the installation process. These risks are those which are commonly present in motorised doors/gates systems. According to the various situations, consideration therefore has to be made of any possible additional risks and exclude those which are not applicable. The solutions to be adopted are those indicated by the standards mentioned above; in the case of risks not dealt with, the safety integration principles indicated by the Machinery Directive (Annex 1 - 1.1.2) have to be applied.

MD Ann. 1	Type of risks	Evaluation criteria and solutions to be adopted (Tick the box corresponding to the solution adopted)
	Mechanical, structural and wear risks.	
1.3.1 1.3.2	[1] Loss of stability and break-up.	☐ Check the solidity of the structure installed (jambs, walls, etc.) in relation to the forces generated by the motor. Attach the gate stably using adequate materials.
1.5.15	[2] Tripping.	☐ Carry out, if necessary, the structural calculation and attach it to the Technical File. ☐ Check that any thresholds higher than 5 mm are visible, indicated or shaped.

MD Ann. 1	Type of risks	Evaluation criteria and solutions to be adopted (Tick the box corresponding to the solution adopted)	
1.3.7	, , ,		
1.3.8 1.4	1.3.8		
	act on the closing edge (Figure 1, risk		
height 2 test par	Ill a pair of photocells (recommended 200 mm) so as to sense the presence of the allelepiped (height 300 mm), positioned as		
illustrat	ed.		
stopped	void impact with trucks and jeeps that are I in the transit area, a further couple of ells should be installed at a height of 1000	Specimen	
greater possibil door, a	ises where the thickness of the leaf is than 150 mm, to reduce further the ity of impact in the area of closure of the pair of photocells can be installed mended height 200 mm) on the opposite	for presence sensing	
parallel faces w	e test specimen for presence sensing is a epiped (700 x 300 x 200 mm) having 3 ith a light and reflective surface and 3 ith a dark and opaque surface.		
[4] Dan	ger of lifting (Figure 1, risk A).	Check that the gate is not able to lift a weight of 20 kg (or 40 kg in the case of doors installed in private areas).	
		☐ Install protective devices that sense the presence of a person lifted by the leaf before reaching the danger area (e.g. by installing one or two pairs of photocells, as indicated in point 3, or by installing a sensitive edge).	
	gging and cutting on the secondary g edge (Figure 1, risk B).	☐ Check for the presence of clearances such as to prevent the insertion of feet in the gaps in the ground; or	
		Attach protective devices that prevent insertion of hands (for example a rubber strip),	
	act, crushing and cutting on the side uides of the mobile leaf (Figure 1, risk	☐ The side slide guides (required for operation of the system) must have an opening reduced to a minimum to prevent insertion of hands. The side slide guides must not have sharp edges.	
		N.B. Insertion of the hands in the slide guides is however possible. It is preferable to attach the appropriate signs at the slide guides.	
	gging, shearing, hooking and cutting the shaping of the mobile leaf (Figure 1,	☐ Eliminate or protect any sharp edges, projecting parts, gaps etc.	

MD Ann. 1	Type of risks	Evaluation criteria and solutions to be adopted (Tick the box corresponding to the solution adopted)
	Electrical and electromagnetic compatibility risks.	A
1.5.1 1.5.2	[8] Direct and indirect contacts. Dispersion of electrical energy.	☐ Use CE-marked components and materials pursuant to the Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC). ☐ Carry out the electrical connections, connection to the mains, earth connections and relevant checks, in accordance with current regulations and as indicated in the installation manual of the drive unit.
		N.B. If the electrical supply line is already set up (via both a socket and a connector block), declarations of conformity to Italian law no. 46/90 are not necessary.
1.5.10 1.5.11	[9] Risks relating to electromagnetic compatibility.	Use CE-marked components pursuant to the EMC Directive (89/336/EEC). Carry out the installation as indicated in the manual for installation of the drive unit.
	Safety and reliability of drive unit and control and safety devices.	
1.2	[10] Safety conditions in the event of malfunctioning and power failure.	 ☐ Use drive units which comply with the standard EN 12453 and safety devices which comply with the standard EN 12978. ☐ Check that the door does not perform hazardous movements.
1.5.3	[11] Energy types other than electrical energy.	☐ If hydraulic drive units are used, they must comply with the standard EN 982; or
		if pneumatic drive units are used, they must comply with the standard EN 983.
1.2.3 1.2.4	[12] Actuation and disabling of the drive unit.	Check that, after a fault or power failure, the drive unit restarts safely without creating hazardous situations.
	[13] Power supply switch.	☐ Install an omnipolar switch for electrical insulation of the door/gate, in accordance with current laws. This switch must be positioned and protected against accidental or unauthorised actuation.
1.2.5	[14] Consistency of controls.	☐ Install the controls (e.g. key selector) so that the user is not in a danger zone, and check that the meaning of the controls has been understood by the user (for example the function selector).
		Use CE-marked radio controls pursuant to the R&TTE directive (1999/5/EEC) and complying with the frequencies admitted by the laws of each individual country.
1.5.14	[15] Risk of trapping.	☐ Install a device for release of the drive unit that allows manual opening and closure of the leaf with force no higher than 225 N (for doors/gates in residential areas) or 390 N (for doors/gates in industrial or commercial areas). Supply the user with the means and instructions for the release operations. Check that operation of the release device is simple and does not create additional risks.
1.2.4	[16] Emergency stop.	☐ If appropriate, install an emergency stop control in accordance with the standard EN 418. N.B. Make sure that the emergency stop does not introduce additional risks, aborting operation of the safety devices installed.

MD Ann. 1	Type of risks	Evaluation criteria and solutions to be adopted (Tick the box corresponding to the solution adopted)
	Integration principles for safety and information.	
1.7.1	[17] Signalling equipment.	☐ A flashing light should be installed, in a visible position, to indicate movement of the leaf.
		☐ Traffic lights can be installed to control vehicle traffic.
		Reflectors can also be attached to the leaf.
1.7.2	[18] Warnings.	Attach all those signs or warnings considered necessary for highlighting any unprotected residual risks and to indicate any foreseeable improper use.
1.7.3	[19] Marking.	☐ Attach the label or plate with the CE marking and containing at least what is indicated in Annex ZA of the standard En 13241-1.
1.7.4	[20] Operating instructions.	☐ Consign to the user the operating instructions, safety warnings and EC declaration of conformity (as indicated in Annex ZA of the standard EN 13241-1).
1.6.1	[21] Maintenance.	☐ A maintenance plan has to be drawn up and implemented. Check on the proper working of the safety devices at least every 6 months.
		Record the work carried out in the proof book in accordance with the standard EN 12635 (cf. facsimile in Annex 1).
1.1.2	[22] Unprotected residual risks.	☐ Inform the user in writing (for example in the operating instructions) of any unprotected residual risks and foreseeable improper use.